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1		DAUFUSKIE ISLAND UTILITY COMPANY, INC.
2		DOCKET NO. 2018-364-W/S
3		Surrebuttal Testimony of Michael J. Guastella
4		Before the South Carolina
5		Public Service Commission
6		Testimony Prepared: February 20, 2019
7		Hearing Date: February 28, 2019
8		
9	Q.	Please state your name, business address, employer and title.
10	A.	Michael J. Guastella, 725 North Highway A1A, Suite B103, Jupiter, Florida 33477.
11	٠	I am employed by Guastella Associates, Inc. ("GA") and my job title is Vice
12		President of Operations.
13	Q.	Have you reviewed the photographs included within DIUC's Answer, Exhibit
14		JFG-5, and Exhibit JFG-6?
15		Yes. The photographs fairly and accurately depict certain areas along Driftwood
16		Cottage Lane, including 29, 33, 36, 42, and 46 Driftwood Cottage Lane. One of
17		the photographs in the Answer is an overhead photograph and map overlay of the
18		same area showing address numbers for the properties and generally showing the
19		lot lines for the depicted parcels. The image is captioned "Driftwood Lane
20		Destroyed." Exhibit JFG-6 also includes a screenshot photograph depicting the
21		current and proposed base lines and setback lines. I recognize the area depicted in
22		all the photographs. The images in the photographs are consistent with my personal
23		knowledge of the area. I am familiar with the area depicted in the photographs, as

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- they are located on Daufuskie Island, South Carolina where DIUC operates.
- 2 Additionally, DIUC has been closely monitoring this area for several years, as
- 3 discussed in the various witnesses' testimony.
- 4 Q. Does this conclude your testimony at this time?
- 5 A. Yes.

BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF SOUTH CAROLINA COLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLINA

HEARING #19-11763

MARCH 20, 2019

10:02 A.M.

<u>Pocket No. 2018-364-E</u>
Stephen and Beverly Noller -andMichael and Nancy Halwig,
Complainants/Petitioners

v

Daufuskie Island Utility Company, Inc.
Defendant/Respondent

TRANSCRIPT OF ORAL ARGUMENT

VOLUME 1 OF 1

COMMISSION MEMBERS PRESENT: Comer H. 'Randy' RANDALL, Chairman; Justin T. WILLIAMS, VICE CHAIRMAN; and COMMISSIONERS John E. 'Butch' Howard, Thomas J. 'Tom' ERVIN, Swain E. WHITFIELD, and G. O'Neal HAMILTON

ADVISOR TO COMMISSION:

David W. Stark, III, Esq. Legal Advisory Staff

STAFF: Jocelyn Boyd, Chief Clerk/Executive Director; Joseph Melchers, General Counsel; Jerisha Dukes, Esq., Legal Advisory Staff; Randy Erskine, Information Technology Staff; Melissa Purvis, Livestream Technician; and Jo Elizabeth M. Wheat, CVR-CM/M-GNSC, Court Reporter

APPEARANCES:

NEWMAN JACKSON SMITH, ESQUIRE, representing STEPHEN and BEVERLY NOLLER -and- MICHAEL and NANCY HALWIG, COMPLAINANTS/PETITIONERS

THOMAS P. GRESSETTE, JR., ESQUIRE, representing DAUFUSKIE ISLAND UTILITY COMPANY, RESPONDENT/DEFENDANT

Public Service Commission of South Carolina

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Oral Argument

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PROCEEDINGS

CHAIRMAN RANDALL: Please be seated, everybody. Welcome, everyone, to this hearing this morning. I want to ask Mr. Stark, first, to read the docket.

MR. STARK: Mr. Chairman and other Commissioners, we are here for a proceeding in Docket No. 2018-364-WS, to hear oral arguments in the case of Stephen and Beverly Noller versus - I'm sorry - and Michael and Nancy Halwig, Complainants, versus Daufuskie Island Utility Company, Incorporated, Respondent.

Mr. Chairman, this proceeding has been scheduled for 10 o'clock a.m. in the Commission offices at 101 Executive Center Drive, Columbia, South Carolina 29210, and it's to happen on March 20th.

Mr. Chairman, the docket is in order.

CHAIRMAN RANDALL: Thank you, Mr. Stark.

We'll take appearances from the parties now.

MR. SMITH: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.

CHAIRMAN RANDALL: Let's get you on a microphone, too, and make sure - punch that microphone, and you can go either - you can have

25 the one right in front of you.

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MR. SMITH: Let's make sure this one is	
working? Very good.	•
CHAIRMAN RANDALL: Sounds good.	
MR. SMITH: My name is Jack Smith, on behalf	:
of Complainants. I'm with the Nelson Mullins fir	m.

MR. GRESSETTE: Good morning Commissioners.

My name is Tom Gressette, and I'm here on behalf of
Daufuskie Island Utility Company, Incorporated, and
my firm is Walker, Gressette, Freeman & Linton,
down in Charleston.

CHAIRMAN RANDALL: Welcome, Mr. Smith.

CHAIRMAN RANDALL: Welcome, Mr. Gressette.

MR. GRESSETTE: Thank you, sir.

CHAIRMAN RANDALL: Before we get going, I want to just make sure — I think Commissioner Belser has spoken with you, but Commissioner Belser has recused herself because she was involved in this during her stint at ORS. So, that's why we have an empty chair.

Okay. I think we start these proceedings with Mr . Smith.

MR. SMITH: Thank you, Mr. Chairman and Commissioners. Thank you for the opportunity to speak with you this morning to respond to any questions you may have.

 This proceeding is about the jurisdiction of the Commission. It's been fully briefed. We believe we have shown that the Commission certainly has jurisdiction in this matter over the Daufuskie Island Utility Company. It is a public utility, under the definition in the statutes and the regulations. You have jurisdiction over its behavior, its contracts, its provision of service to its customers. And what we have here are existing customers on Daufuskie Island who had a portion of the mains owned by the utility company that were damaged and no longer usable along part of the street that the homes of the Complainants have on Daufuskie Island in Melrose Plantation.

The jurisdiction of the Commission stems from both its ability to approve or disapprove contracts of the utility and for the provision of service.

The authority it has — the authority of the Commission is very broad in the statute. It has promulgated regulations; they are very clear. And we believe that the fact that the utility company knew of a danger, a threat, to its system, failed to take any action regarding it, has basically forced these customers to either give up their homes or to pay for the utility company's

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reconnection of its mains in order to provide them water and sewer service is clearly within your jurisdiction.

It's important to note the, kind of, factual sequence here. In October of 2016, when Hurricane Matthew caused the damage, immediately, the Halwigs did approach ORS. And in their response, on December 2, 2016, the ORS was clear: "Here are the responsibilities of the utility company. They're supposed to provide service, maintain service, but," the ORS said, "we can't find a regulation that requires a timeframe for that." Well, in order to use their homes, with the utility company saying, "We're not going to do anything," they engaged an engineer, hired a contractor. They paid money into an escrow account to pay the contractor, so the money was paid upfront, and they proceeded to have the work begun. In the meantime, the utility company had done nothing. Had not provided an easement document form, had no assistance in providing that. Provided no contractor or other written guidance on what would be required, except that, "You have to do everything. When you finish installing it, if it's done correctly, we'll accept that and we'll begin giving you service again."

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Unfortunately, the Melrose Resort golf course, which is the path across which the Complainants were able to get permission to put the utility, was in the process of going bankrupt at the end of 2017. So when work began in November of 2017, expected to be finished before the holidays that year, the resort said, "Stop. We don't have any paperwork in place." And so, unfortunately, that delayed the completion until all that was sorted out after the transfer of the property in bankruptcy in March of the next year and then the completion by September. Even when it was completed, the utility company said, "Well, but you also have to pay this tax, and you have to pay our attorneys' fees," and, of course, whether that's in the contract or not, you never had a chance to determine that. The contract was provided to the ORS in January, the end of January, in 2018, well after the work had started, money was paid into escrow, but service had been withheld and no action to put even temporary service into these homes since the October 2016 storm. So your jurisdiction to review and decide

So your jurisdiction to review and decide whether the question of the cost of that capital replacement infrastructure is a cost to the

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utility, or of these customers, is clearly related also to rates. You know, can the utility decide that, "We're going to make them pay for it, so we never have to ask you," whether they should be paying for it; "Can we include it in our rate structure, or not?" Is the contract and the premium they've extracted from these customers something that should or should not be included in what this Commission reviews in terms of this utility?

It's important to note it's also a for-profit utility. It gets a guaranteed rate of return through the rate structure that you provide it when they present you with that and you approve it.

They may disagree with you. However, you have that authority. You can find that they have failed to follow your regulations, and you can fine them.

You could determine that the contract should not have been in place, they didn't have the authority to do that, that that was infringing on your ability to set rates, and that they should not get the benefit, they should have to pay for it, whether that comes in the form of a direct payment of not paying future utility bills until it's repaid, but those are options clearly in front of

 this Commission.

The Commission has full legal authority to regulate utilities over the broad spectrum of their activities. If the jurisdiction of the Commission is preempted by the unilateral action of a utility, it has the effect of basically taking these people's homes from use. Then, you know, why would the Commission not have that type of jurisdiction? Certainly, the whole idea of a public service commission and regulating utilities is so that service is provided at a reasonable cost to all customers.

I'm sure that you will hear countervailing arguments, you know, from the utility, of course. That's our job, to represent our clients' interests. But we believe here that it's clearly in the Commission's interest and the public interest for this contract not to be approved after the fact, that it was not presented to the Commission until after the utility was — the installation was begun.

Now, when the Commission's — ORS Staff said, "We cannot tell you when they have to put it in, but here's what they have to do," the Halwigs and the Nollers were faced with a choice. They were

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over a barrel. They needed to get their homes back in service. The Halwigs, in fact, rent that property as part of their way to help pay for it, so that when they are ready to retire it would be less of a financial burden for them. Dr. Noller, unfortunately, has Alzheimer's, and he and his wife enjoy being at that location. It's one of the spots they like to go to for his comfort. Unfortunately, for two years, neither family had access to their homes more than temporary stays, because there's no water or sewer service.

And so that type of behavior of the utility company not to provide temporary service or to assist in any way in trying to provide replacement mains for their equipment is really something this Commission needs to look into. We believe that it's - the Commission has full authority under 58-5-210, -140, and other provisions, and certainly under your regulations, the 103-541 and -743 are very clear that information needs to be provided to the ORS and approved by the Commission.

The fact is, time was of the essence. If the Commission[sio] wasn't going to assist in any way in trying to replace its mains, then they had to take that action and do it quickly. So before a

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 contract was ever presented or terms were ever given to them, the Halwigs and the Nollers engaged an engineer, put the money in escrow, hired the contractor, and work began. And that was in November of 2017.

So we believe that the after-the-fact actions of the utility can't really wrest jurisdiction from this Commission. The fact that someone has neglected a clear danger that they recognize — their prefiled testimony clearly shows they were well aware of this area and monitored it for years. But when the utility line in the street at Driftwood Cottage Lane was damaged, no plans have been made with the resort owner or the golf course to get access across the course to replace that.

The pipes in front of these customers' homes are still there; it's the same pipe that was there before the damage in 2016. The only difference was it was no longer connected at the other end of Driftwood Cottage to go back to Martinangel Lane. And so they had to get a new connection. They were able to get the easement from the golf course owner — the new owner after the bankruptcy was resolved — and then complete the installation.

COMMISSIONER ERVIN: Counsel, excuse me for

1	interrupting you, but would you mind if I ask a
2	question?
3	MR. SMITH: Please. That's what we're here
4	for.
5	COMMISSIONER ERVIN: Just in looking at the
6	pleadings in the case, isn't it true that your
7	clients are asking this Commission to award a money
8	judgment for breach of contract and damages, in a
9	sum of, what, \$100,000? Is that what they're
10	seeking?
ll	MR. SMITH: They believe that they should not
12	be responsible for the money they paid to install;
L3	they don't believe they should be responsible for
L4	the tax or attorneys' fees. And we're not asking
L5	for a money judgment like we were in court. We
۱6	understand that the Commission has broad authority
L7	to determine what type of remedy may be available.
L8	COMMISSIONER ERVIN: Let me call your
L9	attention to South Carolina Code Section 58-5-290,
20	and you may not have a copy so I'm going to give
21	you both copies, if you'd like, to see it. But my
22	reading of this statute says that — and I'll wait
23	till you get a copy.
24	MR. GRESSETTE: [Indicating.] Thank you, sir.
25	MR. SMITH: [Indicating.] Thank you.

COMMISSIONER ERVIN: My reading of the statute says that the Commission shall, subject to review by the courts as herein provided, determine just and reasonable charges, classifications, rules, and regulations, or practices to be thereafter observed and enforced, and it shall fix them by order herein provided.

That clearly means that we can't go back in time and undo an alleged wrong. It means, thereafter, we might have some potential to look at the matter in the future as it relates to rates or charges or practices. But doesn't this close the door on your claims?

MR. SMITH: No, sir, not at all. You have regulations in place that require the approval of the Commission before a contract is entered into. That's a violation of your rules. And you can enforce a violation of your rules. We're not — we're saying the contract should not have been required. And the fact that it wrests from this Commission the ability to determine whether the utility should've had — this is part of its rate structure. When the utility bought or the new owners bought this utility, obviously the utility had been there for decades and it was in somewhat

1	shape that needed some capital improvements and
2	repairs. And those types of things were in it, but
3	in spite of the known danger, there was nothing in
4	that application for rates and in that purchase,
5	here, to replace or make arrangements for potential
6	damage they knew could occur. That —
7	COMMISSIONER ERVIN: Back to your claims,
8	though, you are seeking monetary damages, and it
9	relates to contract, well, issues. Wouldn't that
10	properly be a matter for the court? I believe your
11	clients also have alleged that they were coerced
12	into entering into this contract. That clearly is
13	a defense — I mean, an allegation that would
14	perhaps be best resolved by a jury.
15	MR. SMITH: Certainly, these are legal
16	claims — a contract claim could be brought in
17	court. But it's not the place for the Commission
18	to regulate its utilities if, in fact, the utility
19	has said, "You do this and we'll provide you
20	service," but then they don't —
21	COMMISSIONER ERVIN: But they have provided
22	service, so that's a moot point now, right?
23	MR. SMITH: It's not a moot point, sir.
24	COMMISSIONER ERVIN: Why?

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Because as soon as we do not pay

MR. SMITH:

1	that federal tax that's alleged to be due, which
2	this Commission also has before it, or the
3	attorneys' fees, they'll turn it off again.
4	COMMISSIONER ERVIN: Well, they're not allowed
5	to turn it off again, because they — by raising, in
6	their pleadings, the fact that — I mean, they've
7	raised as a defense, and you've also alleged that
8	there's this threat of disconnection, and they've
9	raised in their defense — they've asserted that
10	that's a moot issue since service is being
11	provided. So doesn't that defense, in and of
12	itself, effectuate a waiver of any right to
13	disconnect by the company?
14	MR. SMITH: Not unless this Commission were to
15	so order. I'm certain that, should we not pay,
16	they will disconnect.
17	COMMISSIONER ERVIN: Well, if they disconnect,
18	then you could come back and address it at that
19	time. It would be ripe for determination.
20	MR. SMITH: It's ripe for determination now,
21	sir.
22	COMMISSIONER ERVIN: You're getting service
23	now.
24	MR. SMITH: We are getting service now, but we

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also have had to pay for that service, which is

only on because the parties all agreed that it would not affect anything in this case going forward. To use it now as a most point and try to close the door with it would be prejudicing us for agreeing that it would have no prejudicial effect.

COMMISSIONER ERVIN: Let's hear from opposing counsel, and then we may come back to you, if you don't mind.

COMMISSIONER WHITFIELD: Mr. Chairman, I would like to ask Mr. Smith a question before we —
CHAIRMAN RANDALL: Certainly.

commissioner whiteld: I don't know if — sir, I don't know if you're done or not, but could I ask you, Mr. Smith, just for the record — I think I know this, but I want to be clear on it — your client has no ongoing interruption in service or no ongoing wrongful charges, if you will, or anything violating current Commission rules or regs that you're aware of right now?

MR. SMITH: I don't know if some of the charges that were actually given to them for service, when they had none, have been resolved or not. There may be pending charges that have not been resolved. We were told they would be, but I frankly don't know that. In terms of the charge

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24 25 MR. SMITH: Except for the threat of disconnect under terms that were not agreed to, and being forced into the agreement. The question is whether — do they have the authority to require that of existing customers. That's before this Commission.

COMMISSIONER WHITFIELD: Right.

Well, I don't have anything further, Mr. Chairman.

If you have more — I know you were still kind of going. If you have more you want to say, or maybe some other Commissioners might want to —

CHAIRMAN RANDALL: Commissioner Howard has some questions.

COMMISSIONER WHITFIELD: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.

COMMISSIONER HOWARD: That was my statement.

Mr. Chairman, if you will let him finish his

presentation before we ask questions, I think it'd

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be better off, and also the other counsel for

Daufuskie, too. I just think we ought to finish

the presentation before we start asking questions.

CHAIRMAN RANDALL: All right. Continue.

MR. SMITH: A little late for that, but thank you, sir.

· I believe that the relief that this Commission can give is varied. You could require that service not be cut off. You could require that service be for free until the cost of the installation was basically repaid. I believe you could fine them, but that would certainly not be something that we are seeking. But we think that it is incumbent upon the Commission to regulate utilities in this State in how they treat their existing customers. This is not a developer. This is not "Let's go into a new area." The pipes that were there before the storm took out part of the road are still there; that was what was connected back across the golf course in order to provide service. The fact that these customers had to do that or lose the use of their homes indefinitely, if not forever, is a clear dereliction of the requirement that this Commission has put on them to maintain service. The ORS is very clear in its response as to

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what the maintenance and provision of service required. They just couldn't find a timeframe within which to force the utility to do that. This Commission has the authority to force the utility to do that. I think you have broad latitude not to treat it as a contract damages' claim, but whether or not did the utility obey the rules. Did it present a contract of this magnitude, concerning the ability and willingness to provide service, to the Commission for its approval and get that approval before it implemented it. Or is it going outside of the rate schedule, going outside of your authority, and trying to regulate itself by making those decisions without your input or approval, and without the exercise of your authority?

I'll be glad to stop at this point and answer questions, or proceed to closing. Thank you.

CHAIRMAN RANDALL: Any other questions for Mr. Smith?

COMMISSIONER ERVIN: Mr. Chairman, I have one follow-up question, please.

CHAIRMAN RANDALL: Commissioner Ervin.

COMMISSIONER ERVIN: Thank you, sir.

Counsel, if the contract in question was never approved by the Commission, you can allege in

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